KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-21 HOME ASSIGNMENT

CLASS :II

DATE: 23.05.2020 to 06.06.2020



SUBJECT	ASSIGNMENT						
MATHS	Work to be done in the school note book						
	1. Write the number	rs from 301 to 400.					
	2. Write the numbe	r names for the given nur	nbers:				
	a. 423	•	b. 654				
	b. 309		c. 700				
		ng numbers in the expan		_			
		++					
		++					
		git numbers that can be n	anda using the given digi	ts onco			
				is once.			
	5. Continue the pat						
),,,					
),,,,					
	c. 115,120,125,						
	Work to be done in	-					
	Chapter 4- Numl	pers up to 1000					
	Page number – 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64 and 65						
	Chapter 3- Subtraction up to 100						
	Page number- 39	. 40, 41 and 42					
		, -,					
	Ch-5 Bones And Muscles						
SCIENCE	Read the chapter thorou						
	Learn the words as men	tioned below:					
	C 1	1 .	<u> </u>	T			
		exercise	posture	proper			
	skeleton	muscles elbow	upright	swimming			
	support straight	wrist	position bones	football work			
	joint	strong	stiff	play			
	Joint	strong	Sum	piay			
	Let's Remember (pg no:	51)					
	Det 5 Remember (pg not	<u> </u>					
	I. Name the following:						
	1. A framework of bones	that supports our body Ske	<u>leton</u>				
	2. The hard and stiff parts	of our body bones					

- 3. The place where two or more bones are joined together **joint**
- 4. The sift parts of our body that help us move our bones **muscles**

Let's Understand (Pg no :53 & 54)

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct words.

- 1. The **skeleton**(skeleton/joints) give(s) shape and support to our body
- 2. **Bones** (Bones/ Muscles) are hard and stiff.
- 3. **Muscles** (Muscles /The skeleton) help(s) us to move our bones.
- 4. The **bones and muscles**(bones/bones and muscles) helps us to move, work and play.
- 5. We should always keep a **straight**(straight/curved) and upright posture.

B. Match the columns.

Column A

Column B

a. Position of our body

b. Where two bones meet

c. Makes bones and muscles strong

Exercise

d. Soft

b. Where two bones meet

c. Makes bones and muscles strong

d. Exercise

d. Soft

e. Hard

1	2	3	4	5
e	d	b	c	a

C. Choose the correct option

- **1.** What does the skeleton do for our body?
 - **d.** All of these
- 2. Which of these describes bones correctly?
- d. All of these.
- 3. Which of these helps to keep our bones and muscles strong?
 - **d.** All of these.
- 4. Which of these are soft and help to move our bones?
 - **b**. Muscles
- 5. Which of these is true about posture?
 - **d**. All of these.
- 6. Which of these helps us to bend our body?
 - **c**. Joints

D. Give two examples for each of the following.

1. Joints in the human body	<u>wrist</u>	<u>elbow</u>
2. Exercises for strong muscles and bones	tennis	swimming
3. Activities that need strong bones and muscles	work	<u>play</u>
4. Healthy Food	rice	vegetables

Note: All the above exercises to be done in the textbook.

E. Answer the following question.

1. What is the skeleton?

Ans: Skeleton is the framework of bones in our body.

2. What is a Joint?

Ans: The place where two or more bones join together is called a joint.

3. Why do we need muscles?

Ams: Muscles help us move our bones, and our bones and muscles work together to help us move, work and play.

4. How can we keep our bones and muscles strong?

Ans: Exercise and healthy food everyday help keep our bones and muscles strong.

5. What is posture?

Ans: The position of our body is our posture.

Note: Answer the following questions to be done in the Science notebook.

HINDI HINDI LITERATURE

पाठ:- 2 गुठली

- गुठली पाठ का दो बार सस्वर वाचन करें |
- 2. पाठ में दिए गये प्रथम पृष्ठ का चित्र बनाएँ | (उत्तर-पुस्तिका में बनाएँ)
- 3. नीचे दिए गये कठिन शब्दों को दो बार लिखें|(उत्तर-पुस्तिका में लिखें)

आलूबुखारा दोपहर तश्तरी सूँघता इर्द-गिर्द बच्चों वान्या चुकंदर मुसीबत बीमार खिड़की उत्तर

(निर्देश-लिखावट साफ़ एवं सुन्दर होनी चाहिए |)

- 4. शब्दार्थ लिखें | (pg.no.-53) (उत्तर-पृस्तिका में लिखें)
 - क. तश्तरी प्लेट
 - ख. इर्द-गिर्द आस-पास
 - ग. वश काब्
 - घ. मुसीबत कष्ट
 - ड. रंग उड़ना घबरा जाना
- 5. सही उत्तर पर निशान लगाएँ | (पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no.-54)
- 6. बताओ, किसने कहा। (पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no.-54)
- 7. खाली जगहों को भरें | (पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no.-55)
- 8. उलटे अर्थ वाले शब्द लिखें |(पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (पेज न.-55)

	क.	हँसना	X	रोना
	ख.	छोटा	X	बड़ा
	ग.	पतला	X	मोटा
	घ.	असली	X	नकली
	ङ.	अच्छा	X	बुरा
	च.	नया	X	पुराना
	छ.	साफ़	X	गंदा
	ज.	बाहर	X	अन्दर
_				

9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें |

प्रश्न- माँ ने क्या चीज खरीदी ?

उत्तर- माँ ने आलूबुखारा खरीदा |

प्रश्न- किसने आलूब्खारे नहीं खाए ?

उत्तर- वान्या ने आलूबुखारे नहीं खाए |

प्रश्न- कितने आलूबुखारे कम हो गये ?

उत्तर- एक आलूबुखारा कम हो गया |

प्रश्न- वान्या का चेहरा कैसा हो गया ?

उत्तर- वान्या का चेहरा चुकंदर की तरह लाल हो गया |

प्रश्न – वान्या क्यों रो पड़ा ?

उत्तर - वान्या का झूठ पकड़ा गया इसलिए रो पड़ा |

प्रश्न – पाँच फलों के नाम लिखें

उत्तर- आम्,अमरुद,केला,संतरा,सेब |

प्रश्न –पाँच सब्जियों के नाम लिखें |

उत्तर –पालक,भिंडी,टमाटर,आलू,करेला |

10. वाक्य बनाओ |

क. तश्तरी ख. कमरा ग. पिता घ. बीमार (पाठ्य-पुस्तिका में करें |)

HINDI LANGUAGE

पाठ:- लिंग

- 1. लिंग पाठ का सस्वर वाचन करें |
- 2. परिभाषा एवं उदहारण उ.-पुस्तिका में लिखें |

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परिभाषा :- जिन शब्दों से हमें पुरुष या स्त्री जाति का बोध हो,उन्हें लिंग कहते हैं |
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उदाहरण- लड़का-लड़की,गायक-गायिका,नाना-नानी आदि |

लिंग के दो भेद होते हैं |

1.पुल्लिंग – जिन शब्दों से हमें पुरुष जाति का बोध हो,उन्हें पुल्लिंग कहते हैं |

जैसे- पिता,भाई,मोर,बैल आदि|

2.स्त्रीलिंग – जिन शब्दों से हमें स्त्री जाति का बोध हो,उन्हें स्त्रीलिंग कहते हैं |

जैसे- माता,बहन,मोरनी,गाय आदि |

अभ्यास कार्य

1. चित्रों के नाम लिखें तथा उनके लिंग भी बदलकर लिखें।

	N: N
	(PG-26,27 पाठ्य पुस्तक में करें) [पाठ्य-पुस्तक में करें]
	2. पुल्लिंग और स्त्रीलिंग शब्द के जोड़े बनायें [उपुस्तिका में लिखें]
	दादा - दादी
	ऊँट -
	बैल -
	चिडा -
	हिरन -
	3. सही उत्तर चुनकर वाक्य पूरे करें [उपुस्तिका में लिखें]
	क घास खा रही है (बकरी \ बकरी)
	ख ने हरी साड़ी पहनी है (दादा \ दादी)
	ग दाना चुग रही है (मोरनी \ मोर)
	घ घोंसले में बैठी है (चिड़ा \ चिड़िया)
	ङ. एक पेड़ की छाँव में बैठा है (शेर \ शेरनी)
	4. आप इन्हें क्या कहते हैं ? सोचकर बताइये
	(PG- 28 पाठ्य पुस्तक में करें) [पाठ्य-पुस्तक में करें]
ENGLISH	LANGUAGE
	Topic – Ch 2- Singular & Plural noun.
	Ch15- Sentences & Parts of Sentences.
	I. Write the Plural form of these nouns.
	i. house
	ii. bench
	iii. fox
	iv. lady v. shelf
	v. sheri
	II.Write the Singular form of these nouns.
	i. monkeys
	ii. brushes
	iii. cherries
	iv. calves
	v. boxes
	III. Arrange the group of words given below into sentences. Remember to
	put capital letters and full stops at the correct places.
	i. skipping Mehar is
	ii. dog big is Jimmy a
	iii. long giraffe has the neck a
	iv. father my strong is man a
	v. leaves is goat eating the
	vi. happy very am I
Ì	vii. apple red is the
	viii farm had a Old Mac Donald

IV. Match the noun part in column A with the verb part in column B.

NOUN PART				VERB PART			
1.Sonu			a. is a	a. is a sweet fruit.			
2.The Sun			b. mus	b. must speak the truth.			
3.Mango			c. has	c. has younger sister.			
4.The cat			d. was	d. was a great king.			
5.Akbar			e. is u	e. is under the table.			
6.My father			f. rises	f. rises in the east.			
7.We			g. is he	g. is heavy.			
8.The box			h. wor	h. works in a bank.			
				_		•	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Read the following passage.

Leena has a big family. She lives with her parents ,two older brothers, one younger brother and a baby sister. Her grandparents and aunt also live with them. Leena has a happy family. Everyone is kind and helpful. Leena enjoys spending time with her family.

I. Answer the following questions.

Q1.Who	has	a	big	fami	lyʻ	?
--------	-----	---	-----	------	-----	---

Q2. How many brothers does Leena have?

Q3. How many sisters does Leena have?

Q4. What does Leena enjoy doing?

II. Write the antonyms of the following words.

i. small ×	ii. younger ×
iii. sad ×	iv. unkind ×

III.Make sentences.

I. family ii. happy

Note: All the above exercises to be done in English notebook.

LITERATURE

- Learn the poem Friend of Nobody (English Access)
- Draw the picture (Friend of Nobody)
- Write the poem and the Word meaning
- Word Bank (To be written twice)

sweets tricycle land train

friend share toffee games

• Antonyms

lend × borrow some × many friend × enemy half × full play × work

• Rhyming words

share – care, bare. book - look, took. lend - mend, send. train – main, chain. ball - fall, call

Note: All the above work to be done in English notebook

Penmanship to be done (cursive) in penmanship notebook.

Instructions – One letter to be practiced each day.Let the child move at his/her pace.Ensure your child touches the lines and supervise him/her while he/she works.The cursive font have already been given with the previous assignment. Please adhere.

Dr.Rachana Nair Director Academics