KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS **ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-21**

HOME ASSIGNMENT

DATE: 23.05.2020 to 06.06.2020

CLASS: III

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SUBJECT	ASSIGNMENT					
MATHS						
	1. Write 'Days of the week' and 'Months of the year' in school notebook.					
	2. Fill in the blank	2. Fill in the blanks (in school notebook)				
	a. How many d	a. How many days are there in a week?				
	•	b. How many months are there in one year?				
	-	=	h of February in a leap ye	ar?		
			The state of the s			
	d. How many d	ays are there in a year? _				
	e. Two days be	fore Tuesday is	•			
	=	hours in a				
		of the year is				
		h. Two months after February is				
		comes right after Novem				
		ne date that falls five days before October 2 nd				
		Chapter 13- Calendar				
	_	Page number 166 to be done in the text book				
			ns to be done in the noteb	ook		
	4. Chapter 4- Sub		15 to 00 to 110 111 1110 11000	0011		
	_	and 50 to be done in the	text book			
	_	and 4.3 also to be done i				
	Exercise 4.1, 4.2	and 4.5 also to be done i	ii tiie text book.			
	Ch-4- Soil					
	B 1.1 1	1.1				
	Read the chapter thorou	· •				
SCIENCE	Learn the words mention	oned below:				
	formation	pebbles	growth	breaking		
	rocks	humus	nutrients	fertile		
	clay	grainy	vapour	lid		
	earthworms	manure	bubbles	droplets		
	escapes	beetles	snails	leeches		

Let's Remember (pg no: 42)

I. Circle the odd one out in each of the following:

1.soil, water nutrients, humus

2.sand, clay, nutrients, pebbles

3.heat, rain, wind soil

II. Write T for True and F for false statements:

- 1. Soil is formed by the breakdown of rocks. T
- 2. Soil is not important for the growth of plants. <u>F</u>
- 3. It takes a few years to form a small amount of soil. <u>F</u>

Let's Understand (pg no:44 & 45)

I. Objective type questions:

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct words.

- 1. **Soil** (Soil/Air) provides water and nutrients to the plants.
- 2. Soil is formed by the breakdown of **rocks** (rocks/plants).
- 3. The colour of soil <u>differs</u> (remains the same/differs) from place to place.
- 4. The water (water/air) in the soil turns into vapour (water/vapour) when heated.
- 5. When water is poured over soil kept in a jar, <u>air</u> (air/water) bubbles start forming.

B. Choose the correct option:

1. Which of these do plants need to grow?

Ans- d. All of these

2. Which of these helps rocks to break down?

Ans- d. All of these

3. Which of these does soil contain?

Ans- **d**. All of these

4. Which of these is not true about humus?

Ans- a. It is formed from dead remains of only animals.

5. Which of these animals live in soil?

Ans- d. Both a. and b.

6. Which of these is the grainy part of soil?

Ans- b. Sand

7. How long does it take to form a small amount of soil?

Ans- **d**. Thousands of years

8. Which of these animals do not live in soil?

Ans- c. Fish

C. Match the following:

5. Manure

Column A	Column B
1. Roots	a. fixes plants to the soil
2. Soil	b. fertile soil
3. Humus	c. very fine pieces of rock
4. Clay	d. dead remains of plants and animals

1	2	3	4	5
а	e	d	C	h

e. earthworms and leeches

II. Very short answer type questions:

A.Give one word for the following.

- 1. The top layer of the Earth where plants grow
- 2.Part of soil that is made up of dead remains of plants and animals
- 3. Crops grow well in this type of soil
- 4. Things added by farmers to make soil fertile

fertile soil manure

humus

soil

B. Write two examples for each of the following:

1. Soil provides these to plants	<u>water</u>	<u>nutrients</u>
2. Colours of soil	red	black
3. Things that soil contains	<u>humus</u>	sand
4. Animals that live in soil	earthworms	beetles

Note: All the above exercises to be done in the textbook.

III. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Give two ways in which soil is important for plants.
- Ans: i. Without soil, plants would have no place to grow.
 - ii. Plants take in water and nutrients from the soil.
- 2. Explain how soil is formed from rocks.

Ans: Soil is formed by the breaking down of rocks. The sun's heat, the rain, and the wind also help in breaking down of rocks. This process lasts for thousands of years.

3. Name four things that soil contains.

Ans. Soil contains humus, sand, clay, and pebbles.

4. What happens when we heat some garden soil in a covered container?

Ans. When garden soil is heated in a container covered with a lid, drops of water are noticed on the inside of the lid. This shows that soil contains water. The water in the soil forms vapour when heated, which touches the lid and then cools down to form droplets of water.

- 5. Give any two uses of soil.
- Ans. i. Plants need soil to grow.
 - ii. Soil is home to many animals like earthworms, beetles, ants, and snails.

Note: Answer the following questions to be done in the Science notebook.

हिंदी साहित्य HINDI

पाठ:- तारे

- कविता पाठ का सस्वर वाचन करें।
- प्रथम पृष्ठ में शीर्षक लिखकर पाठ में दिए गये चित्र को बनाएँ एवं रंग भरें। 2
- कविता की प्रथम आठ पंक्तियाँ उत्तर-पुस्तिका में लिखें।
- (उत्तर-पुस्तिका में लिखें |) शब्दार्थ लिखें।
 - नीचे की ओर जाना छिपना क. ढल जाता
 - अँधेरा ख. अधियारा दीपक,दिए ग. दीवे

5. विलोम शब्द लिखें | [पाठ्य-पुस्तिका में लिखें |(pg-no 37)

 क. रात
 x
 दिन

 ख. जलाना
 x
 बुझाना

 ग. अँधेरा
 x
 उजाला

 घ. सुबह
 x
 शाम

6. बहुकल्पीय प्रश्न पाठ्य-पुस्तिका में करें | (pg-no 36)

8. प्रश्न-उत्तर लिखें| [उ.-पुस्तिका में लिखें|]

प्रश्न- सूरज के ढलने पर क्या होता है ?

उत्तर- सूरज के ढलने पर अँधेरा छा जाता है |

प्रश्न- आसमान में 'दीवे' किन्हें कहा गया है ?

उत्तर- आसमान में 'दीवे' तारों को कहा गया है |

प्रश्न- सपने कब आते हैं?

उत्तर- सपने रात में सोने पर आते हैं।

प्रश्न- सूरज की किरणें कैसी होती हैं?

उत्तर- सूरज की किरणें सोने चाँदी के तारों जैसी होती हैं।

प्रश्न- आसमान में अँधेरा कब छा जाता है ?

उत्तर-सूरज के छिपने के बाद आसमान में अँधेरा छा जाता है |

(निर्देश-लिखावट साफ़ एवं सुन्दर होनी चाहिए)

हिंदी भाषा

पाठ:- वचन

- 1. हिंदी भाषा से वचन पाठ का सस्वर वाचन करें |
- 2. वचन की परिभाषा, भेद एवं उदाहरण लिखें | [उत्तर-पुस्तिका में लिखें]
- 3. समुह्वाची शब्द (pg.no.61,62)

परिभाषा- जिन शब्दों से हमें संज्ञा के एक या अनेक होने का बोध हो,उन्हें वचन कहते हैं।

उदाहरण - पत्ता,कमरे,तितलियाँ,चिड़िया आदि|

वचन के दो भेद होते हैं-एकवचन और बहुवचन |

एकवचन :-जिन शब्दों से हमें एक की संख्या का बोध हो,उन्हें 'एकवचन' कहते हैं|

उदाहरण – खिलौना, तारा, पतंग, झुला आदि |

बहुवचन :-जिन शब्दों से हमें अनेक की संख्या का बोध हो, उन्हें 'बहुवचन' कहते हैं|

उदाहरण – खिलौने , तारे , पतंगें , झूले आदि |

अभ्यास कार्य

1.नीचे दिए गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए |

(पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no.-32)

2.रंगीन शब्दों के वचन बदलकर वाक्य पूरे कीजिए।

[उत्तर-पुस्तिका में कीजिए]

क. **तितली** उड़ रही है |

उड़ रही हैं |

	ख. चिड़ियाँ उड़ रही हैं
	उड़ रही है
	ग. उसकी बेटियाँ बहुत मेहनती हैं
	उसकी बहुत मेहनती है
	घ. डॉक्टर ने रोगी को दवाइयाँ दीं
	डॉक्टर ने रोगी को दी
	3. नीचे दिए गये गुब्बारों में एकवचन तथा बहुवचन शब्द लिखें हैं उन्हें छाँटकर सही स्थान पर लिखिए (पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no
	33)
	4.चित्र देखकर उसका वचन बताइए (पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no34)
	5.नीचे रखी टोकरियों में पाँच एकवचन तथा पाँच बहुवचन शब्द लिखिए
	(पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no34)
	6.चित्र देखकर उसका एकवचन तथा बहुवचन रूप लिखिए।
	(पाठ्य पुस्तिका में करें) (pg.no35)
	7.नीचे दिए गये वाक्यों में रंगीन शब्दों के वचन बताइए।
	[उत्तर-पुस्तिका में कीजिए]
	क. माँ ने हरी सब्जियाँ खरीदीं
	ख. पेड़ पर दो गिलहरियाँ चढ़ गईं।
	ग. लड़का केला खा रहा है
	घ. मछली पानी में तैर रही है
	ङ. आज मैंने चार कहानियाँ पढ़ीं
	च. हमने गरम-गरम जलेबियाँ खाईं
	छ. मैंने कल एक पौधा लगाया।
ENGLISH	LANGUAGE
	Topic – Ch 7 Verbs
	Ch16 Question Words
	I Underline the works in the following contourses
	I. Underline the verbs in the following sentences. i.The boy plays with the ball.
	ii.Maya sings very well.
	iii.We must read our books regularly.
	iv.The gardener waters the plants.
	v. The baker bakes a cake.
	vi.Swati must speak in English.
	vii.They work in a bank.
	viii.My mother cooks very tasty food.
	II. Circle the correct helping verb in the following sentences.
	i.I (am / is) studying English grammar.
	ii.He (is / are) writing a letter to his father.
	iii.My teacher (was / had) teaching me.

iv. The boy (is / are) carrying a heavy bag to school. v.Yesterday it (was/were) very cloudy. vi.We (has/have) a holiday tomorrow. vii.A week (has/have) seven days. viii.I (am/is) studying now. III.Fill in the blanks with the correct question words (What, When, Where, How, Why, Who) i.____ shall we go for a picnic? ii._____ is your pet's name? iii._____ do you live? iv._____ watered the plants? v.____ are you crying? vi. _____ are you feeling today? vii. does the school bell rings? viii. are you shouting so much? Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end. There was once a little girl .Her name was Elle. Elle had a little lamb.She took care of it all by herself. The lamb grew and Elle grew. The lamb's wool grew longer and longer,but Elle's coat only grew shorter! One day Elle took a pair of scissors and cut off the lamb's wool. Then she took the wool to her grandmother and said, Granny dear, please make a coat for me from this wool.' 'I will,my dear,' said her grandmother,' If you clean up my garden.'So Elle cleaned the garden and Granny made a coat for Elle. A. Answer the following questions. i. What was the little girl's name? ii. What did Elle have? iii.What did Elle do one day?

iv. What task did granny give Elle to do?

B.Write the antonyms of the following from the given passage.

i.more iii.shorter iv.down

C.Make sentences.

i.lamb ii.garden

Note: All the above exercises to be done in English notebook.

LITERATURE

- Learn the poem What the leaves Said (English Access)
- Draw the picture (What the leaves Said)
- Write the poem and the Word meaning.
- Word Bank (To be written twice)

spring golden stretching russet shadow weary autumn slept scarlet

Antonyms

opening ×closing slept × wake up rest × work lay × pick up down × up under × over

• Rhyming words

spring – ring , king. tree – free , three. nest – best ,rest gay – may , day.

• Question/Answer.

Q1.In which season do birds make nests in the trees? Do you think leaves like birds making a nest in them? How do you know that?

Ans – In summer season birds make nests in tree. Yes, leaves like the birds making nest on trees because the leaves provide shade to the birds to take rest.

Q2. How do the leaves look in autumn?

Ans-The leaves turn reddish brown in autumn.

Q3.In which season do the leaves lay down and sleep? Ans- In winter season the leaves lay down and sleep.

Q4.What do the leaves do in spring season?

Ans-In spring season the leaves open and stretch out on every tree.

Note: All the above exercises to be done in English notebook.

SOCIAL STUDIES

Ch 6 Our Food

- Q1). Read the chapter Our Food (pg. no. 40 to 43) and underline the difficult words and check their meanings
- Q2). Write down the key words along with the meanings in your note book.
- Q3). Do the Exercise in your note book

Tick the correct option

Fill in the blanks

- Q4) Word Fun(pg.no. 46) to be done in the text book itself with pencil.
- Q5) Answer the following questions:

QI) Why do farmers grow different types of food grains in India?

Ans. Farmers grow different types of food gains in India because India has different types of landforms, climate, soil and uneven distribution of rainfall.

QII) Name the states where rice is the main food item.

Ans. Rice is grown mainly West Bengal ,Assam, Bihar Odisha ,Andra Pradedh and Tamil Nadu.

QIII) What is the use of vegetable oil?

Ans. Vegetable oil is used in cooking food.

QIV) Name any four spices.

Ans. Names of four spices are cardamom, pepper, saffron and cloves.

QV) How are fruits grown in one part of our country available in other parts?

Ans. Fruits grown in one part of our country available in other parts because of the good transport facility. They are sent through trucks and trains.

6) Do quick revision 1 &2 (pg. no. 42&43) in the note book

Q7) Activity: EXPLORATION

Make a list of any ten states of India and find out the following

STATES	MAIN	EDITE	
	IVIATIN	FRUITS	POPULAR
	FOOD	GROWN	DISHES
	GRAINS		
	GROWN		
		GRAINS	GRAINS

Dr.Rachana Nair Director Academics