

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-22
HOME ASSIGNMENT



CLASS : III
DATE : 9.12.21 to 14.01.22

SUBJECT	ASSIGNMENT
MATHS	<p style="text-align: center;">Chapter 12 – TIME</p> <p><u>Work to be done in the text book</u> Exercise: 12. 1 (Page number 155) <u>Activity:</u> Make a model of a working clock.</p> <p><u>Revision for final term periodical test 2</u></p> <p><u>Work to be done in the notebook</u></p> <p>Convert the following into millilitres. 1. 7 L 2. 5 L 300 mL 3. 8 L 25 mL</p> <p>Convert into litre and millilitres. 1. 6547 mL 2. 5000 mL 3. 6543 mL</p> <p>Convert the following into litres. 1. 2000 mL 2. 1000 mL 3. 8000 mL</p> <p>Arrange in column and add. 1. 65 L, 45 L 40 mL and 2 L 300 mL 2. 12 L 700 mL, 32 L 49 mL and 12 L 234 mL 3. Rs. 103.76, Rs. 56.25 and Rs. 23.89 4. Rs. 23.45, Rs. 65.97 and Rs. 56.89</p> <p>Arrange in column and subtract. 1. 45 L 678 mL from 50 L 456 mL 2. 37 L 432 mL from 43 L 3. Rs. 12.78 from Rs. 56.07 4. Rs. 100.00 and Rs. 56.12</p> <p>Convert into paise. 1. 3 rupees 32 paise 2. 34 rupees 67 paise 3. 14 rupees 14 paise</p> <p>Convert into rupees and paise. 1. 2345 paise 2. 342 paise 3. 2009 paise</p> <p>Multiply: 1. Rs 45.90 x 3 2. Rs. 34.42 x 5 3. Rs. 38.09 x 6</p> <p>Divide: 1. Rs. 45.27 by 9 2. Rs. 12. 36 by 3 3. Rs. 44. 16 by 4</p>

Solve:

- Mummy gave you Rs. 34.67 and Daddy gave you Rs. 45.76. Your brother gave Rs. 43. How much money do you have now?
- Rohit bought a birthday gift for his friend for Rs. 107.67 .He gave Rs. 200 to the shopkeeper. How much money will the shopkeeper return?
- One packet of pencil costs Rs. 32.16. What is the cost of 7 such boxes?
- One packet of chips costs Rs. 7. How many packets of chips can be bought for Rs. 105?
- Priya distributes 585 mL of milk from a jug containing 1 L 675 mL of milk. How much milk is left in the jug?
- Anil mixed 3 L 675 mL of hot water and 5 L 525 mL of cold water in a bucket. How much is there in the bucket?

TOPIC – Chapter 9- Our Body**I. Learn the words given below:**

cells	skeletal	liver	inhaled	tissue	muscle
intestine	windpipe	organism	muscular	exhaled	backbone
digestive	respiratory	lungs	skull	substance	breathe
expand	nervous	spinal cord	brain	engine	circulatory
excretory	exercise	strength	reproductive	ribs	heart

II. Fill in the blanks with correct words.

- A tissue is made up of many kind of cells.
- The arm muscles shorten and lengthen to move the arm up and down.
- The air we breathe out is called exhaled air.
- The spinal cord connects all nerves of the body to the brain.
- The excretory system cleans our body by throwing out body wastes.

III. Choose the correct option.**1. Which of the following is made up of different tissues?**

- a. Cells **b. Organs** c. Organs system d. tissue

2. Which of these refers to the skeletal system?

- a. It gives form and shape to the body b. It protects the soft inner parts
c. It is made up of bones and joints **d. All of these**

3. Which of the following organ systems help to change our food into substances that our body can use?

- a. Digestive** b. Respiratory c. Nervous d. Circulatory

4. Which of these organs absorbs what is needed from the food

- a. Food pipe **b. Intestines**
c. Stomach d. Anus

5. Which of these organs expands and becomes big when filled with air?

- a. Nose **b. Lungs**
c. Windpipe d. Bones

6. Which part connects all nerves of the body to the brain?

- a. Spinal Cord** b. Lungs c. Brain d. Intestines

7. Which of the following organs is not a part of the circulatory system?

- a. Heart **b. Brain** c. Blood d. Vessels

8. Which of these organ systems helps in producing babies?

- a. Excretory** b. Digestive **c. Reproductive** d. Nervous

SCIENCE

IV. Give one word for the following.

1. The building blocks of the body.- **cells**
2. A living being made up of different organ systems.- **organism**
3. The organ that gives orders to the different parts of the body.- **brain**
4. Thin tubes through which blood flow.- **blood vessels**

V. Give two examples for the following.

1. Types of muscles - **Face muscles** **Arm muscles**
2. Organs of the digestive system. - **Stomach** **Intestines**
3. Organs of the respiratory system. - **Windpipe** **Lungs**
4. Organs of the nervous system. – **Brain** **Spinal-cord**

VI. Answer the following questions.

1. Name any two organ systems and write what each does for the organism.

Ans. Digestive system and Excretory system are two of the organ system.

(i) Digestive system- The organ system that helps to carry out the process of changing food into substances that our body can use is called digestive system.

(ii) Excretory system- This cleans our body by throwing our body wastes such as urine and sweat.

2. What is digestion?

Ans. The process of changing food into substances that our body can use is called digestion.

3. What do nerves do for the body?

Ans. The brain gives orders to different parts of our body. It has nerves that take these orders to muscles, bones and other body parts.

4. How does the excretory system help an organism?

Ans. The excretory system cleans our body by throwing our body wastes such as urine and sweat.

5. Why is it important to exercise the body regularly?

Ans. Exercise and yoga helps to keep us healthy. Our body becomes unfit if we do not exercise regularly. It increases our strength and builds our muscles.

VII. GIVE REASON:

Q1. Why does our finger bleed when it gets cut?

Ans. Blood flows through thin tubes called blood vessels. When we get a cut the blood vessels in that area gets damaged and blood starts to flow out.

VIII. ACTIVITY:

Pg. no-90

With the help of a balloon understand how lungs expand and contract.

TOPIC – Revision – Chapter 7 - Parts of a plant
Chapter 12 – Light, sound and force

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. Most flowers change into _____.
2. The _____ carries water and food to all parts of the plant.
3. A push or pull is called _____.
4. The sun is a _____ source of light.
5. _____ is an underground stem.
6. _____ is formed when objects block the path of light.

II. Choose the correct option.

1. Which of these is not a source of light?

- a. Sun b. Glow-worm c. Bulb d. Bottle

2. Which of the following is a flower that we eat?

- a. Banana b. Broccoli c. Ginger d. Cabbage

3. Which part of the plant becomes a fruit?

- a. Leaf b. Bud
c. Flower d. Seed

4. Which of these is an unpleasant sound?

- a. Chirping of a bird b. Sound of waterfall
c. Loud scream of a child d. Sound of sea waves

5. Which of these root does grass have?

- a. Tap root b. Fibrous root c. Beetroot d. Long root

6. Which of these is not true about shadow?

- a. It is always black
b. It's is different at different times of the day.
c. It is formed on the opposite side of the light.
d. It is always short.

III. Give one word for the following.

1. The flat surface of the leaf.- _____
2. Objects that do not give off light.- _____
3. Thick and strong stem of a tree.- _____
4. The process by which a seed changes into a new plant.- _____
5. A push or pull.- _____
6. Loud and unpleasant sound.- _____

IV. Give two examples for the following.

1. Non-luminous objects - _____
2. Stems that we eat - _____
3. Objects that make sound - _____
4. Edible seeds - _____

V. Write whether the following statements are True or Flase.

1. The leaves prepare food for the plant. _____
2. The length of the shadow remains the same throughout the day. _____
3. Flower changes into leaves. _____
4. Shadow is always black. _____

VI. Answer the following questions.

Q1. Write any two types of sounds we hear?

Ans. _____

Q2. Give any two functions of roots.

Ans. _____

Q3. What are luminous objects? Give two examples.

Ans. _____

Q4. What is germination? What do seeds need for germination?

Ans. _____

SUBJECT- हिंदी भाषा

अनुच्छेद लेखन-- मेरा जन्मदिन

क) मेरा नाम निशा है ।

ख) मेरा जन्मदिन हरवर्षे नौ(9) जनवरी को आता है ।

ग) यह दिन मेरे तथा मेरे परिवार के लिए बहुत ही खुशी का दिन होता है ।

घ) इस दिन मैं सुबह जल्दी उठ जाती हूँ ।

ङ) सभी बड़ों का आशीर्वाद लेकर मंदिर जाती हूँ ।

च) मेरी माँ मेरे लिए केक और खीर बनाती है ।

छ) मेरे घर वाले उस दिन मेरे लिए एक पार्टी का आयोजन करते हैं ।

ज)उस पार्टी में मेरे सभी मित्रों को बुलाया जाता है ।

झ) मेरे सभी मित्र मेरे लिए तरह-तरह के उपहार लाते हैं ।

ञ) मैं अपने हर जन्म दिन पर एक पौधा लगाता हूँ ।

ट)मैं अपने परिवार से बहुत प्यार करता हूँ ।

क्रिया कलाप- अपने जन्मदिन का चित्र लगाए ।



HINDI

हिन्दी साहित्य—अश्वमेघ का घोड़ा

आवश्यक निर्देश :--

1. सभी कार्य हिन्दी नोट बुक में साफ एवं सुन्दर लिखावट में लिखें ।
2. प्रत्येक पृष्ठ में मार्जिन खींचें एवं पाठ के आरंभ में पाठ का नाम लिखकर रेखांकित करें ।
3. पाठ का सस्वर वाचन करें।

4. कठिन शब्द:--

सुंदर

आश्रम

काठी

पत्र

पवित्र

फकड़

समझाऊँ

सैनिक

अयोध्या

रामचंद्र

युद्ध

भयभीत

ऋषि

अपमान

प्रहार

श्रृंखला

शूरवीर

बलशाली

महाराज

पिता श्री

5. शब्द भंडार--(पृष्ठ संख्या-134)अपनी उत्तर पुस्तिका में करें ।

6. अभ्यास कार्य:--

क) निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर दे ।

1. लव-कुश किसके आश्रम में रह रहे थे ?

उत्तर-- लव-कुश ऋषि वाल्मीकि के आश्रम में रह रहे थे ।

2. सबसे पहले घोड़ा किसने देखा?

उत्तर-- सबसे पहले घोड़ा लव ने देखा था ।

3. अश्वमेध का घोड़ा कैसा होता है?

उत्तर-- अश्वमेध का घोड़ा सुन्दर और पवित्र होता है ।

4. घोड़ा किसका था ?

उत्तर-- घोड़ा अयोध्या पति राजा रामचंद्र का था ।

5. शत्रुघ्न का क्या हाल हुआ?

उत्तर-- शत्रुघ्न लव-कुश के तीरो के प्रहार से घायल हो गए ।

ख) किसने, किससे कहा:--

क) ये महाराज तुम्हारे पिता श्री है।

उत्तर—यह वाक्य सीता ने लव-कुश से कहा ।

ख) इसपर सोने की काठी है। लाल कपड़े की झूल कितनी सुन्दर लग रही है ।

उत्तर—यह वाक्य कुश ने लव से कहा ।

ग) शुद्ध करके लिखे :--

क) धनय --- धन्य

ख) सममान --- सम्मान

ग) यूद्ध --- युद्ध

घ) अयुध्या --- अयोध्या

घ) वाक्य बनाए :----- (स्वयं से करे)

क) पत्र _____ ख) लाल कपड़ा _____

ग) पवित्र _____ घ) अपमान _____

ङ) क्रियात्मक गतिविधि:---

घोड़े का चित्र बना कर उसमें रंग भरें ।

स्कैपबुक कार्य – अलग अलग घड़ी बनाकर अपनी दिनचर्या लिखें ।

ENGLISH

I. **Rewrite the following sentences with capital letters, full stops and question marks where needed.**

1. meena lost her keys
2. Which place receives the highest rainfall in india
3. are you going to invite sudha and rohan
4. our holidays will begin this monday
5. my best friend is a european
6. my father reads the hindustan times every morning

7. sunita is studying english literature
8. bengaluru is the capital of karnataka
9. would you like to have some tea
10. can shashi visit you tomorrow

II. Rewrite these sentences by putting commas(,) in the correct places.

1. I bought cabbages cauliflower carrots and bean.
2. She is wise kind thoughtful generous
3. He bought books pens pencils and toys for his sister.
4. We saw lions elephants and giraffes during the safari
5. My sister is strong brave bold and beautiful.
6. I like mangoes grapes and oranges.

III. Rewrite these sentences by putting exclamatiom marks (!) in the correct places.

1. What a preety girl
2. May You live long.
3. Hurrah My favourite team has won.
4. Wow What a lovely view
5. Alas We have to cancel the trip.
6. How wonderful the painting is

IV. Complete the sentences with the correct interjections.

1. _____ !I am stung by a bee.
2. _____ ! You look beautiful.
3. _____ ! We won the match.
4. _____ ! The last bell has rung.
5. _____ ! Our team came first in the competition.
6. _____ ! We are ruined.
7. _____ ! What a beautiful painting.
8. _____ ! I have hurt my knee.

REVISION WORK

I. Complete these sentences with is , am and are.

1. Mohan _____ late for the school.
2. By whom _____ confusion created in the class?
3. He _____ sick.
4. She _____ not feeling well.
5. Mother _____ in the garden.
6. They _____ in the dance competition.
7. I _____ in the school now.
8. It _____ an interesting story.

II. Circle was or were to complete these sentences correctly.

1. My brother was / were at the shopping mall yesterday.
2. We was / were not at the cinema yesterday.
3. I was / were in Punjab last year.
4. You was / were hungry.
5. He was / were tired.
6. They was / were not in school.
7. She was / were ready to go to the market.

III. Circle the subject parts in these sentences.

1. Her sister is six years old.
2. The actors performed well.
3. My father's best friend gave him a present.
4. The lights are on.
5. The Indian team won the match.
6. John is a good boy.
7. They are coming now.

IV. Underline the predicate parts in these sentences.

1. They will come at 4' O clock.
2. The movie was boring.
3. You go there.

4. She is going for a film tomorrow.
5. He was waiting for the doctor.
6. The choir sings well.
7. The gardeners are watering the plants.
8. The child wanted a toy.

V. Complete these sentences with suitable subjects.

1. _____ has long, black hair.
2. _____ wants to work with the poor.
3. _____ are a greatful dancer.
4. _____ are wealthy and famous.
5. _____ lost her key.

V. Complete these sentences with suitable predicates.

1. Mr. Mishra _____.
2. My grandfather _____.
3. This story book _____.
4. The boy _____.
5. John _____.

COMPREHENSION PASSAGE : Comprehension 3 from Grammar Land-3 (Pg.no. 113)

ACTIVITY : Draw Punctuation marks using qrigami paper and write words related to it.

SUBJECT – English literature

TOPIC – Chapter 4 – Company for the feast.

I. WORD BANK

joyously pounce arranged chokingscampered
 roaming encountered creatures hampered downward
 sprouted autumn companions strangled grasped

II. WORD MEANINGS

- 1.roaming – traveling here and there without any plans.
- 2.grazing – nibbling on grass
- 3.sprout – the young growing shoots of a plant
- 4.encountered - met
- 5.hare – an animal like a large rabbit
- 6.pastures - fields
- 7.suspicion – a thought that something is wrong
- 8.crude – rough

III. ANTONYMS:

1. upper x lower
2. young x old
3. thin x fat
4. loose x tight
5. shouted x whispered
6. happy x sad
7. agree x disagree
8. careful x careless
9. crude x decent
10. live x dead

IV. Mark the following sentences as True (T) or False (F).

1. A hungry Wolf was roaming in search of food.
2. The Wolf saw a young rabbit grazing on newly sprouted grass.
3. The Wolf and the Kyang agreed to meet at the same spot after six months.
4. The Wolf, the Fox and the Donkey went together.
5. The Hare went home happily, for he had done a good work.

V. Fill in the blanks:

1. A hungry Wolf was _____ in search of food.
2. A _____ is actually a wild ass.
3. The _____ decided to save the Kyang.
4. The Wolf and the Fox fell face downwards and were _____ to death.
5. The Hare _____ home happily as he had done a good day's work.

VI. Give one-word answers:

Q1. Who was roaming in search of food?

Ans1. A Wolf.

Q2. Who was grazing on newly sprouted grass?

Ans2. A young kyang.

Q3. Who decided to save the Kyang?

Ans3. A Hare.

Q4. After how many months did the Wolf and the young Kyang agree to meet?

Ans4. Six months.

Q5. Who scampered home happily?

Ans5. The Hare.

VII. Answer the following questions.

Q1. Why do you think the Kyang is very thin after the hard winter?

Ans1. A kyang feeds mainly on grasses and short plants, but as in winter the food is not plentiful for a kyang, he would have had very less to eat and so, was very thin.

Q2. Do you think the Fox and the Wolf are a little silly to believe that the Hare also wants to eat the Kyang? Give reasons.

Ans2. Yes, the Fox and the Wolf were silly as hares eat only plants.

Q3. Have you met animals who talk? In what kind of stories do animals talk?

Ans3. No, we cannot meet animals who talk, because animals can only talk in fables.

Q4. 'The Wolf licked his lips.' What is the reason for the wolf to lick his lips?

Ans4. The Wolf licked his lips when he saw the Kyang as his mouth watered in greed, ready for a feast.

VIII. Make sentences.

1. winter
2. animal
3. meal
4. rope
5. feast

IX. JUMBLED WORDS:

- 1.rgaizgn - grazing
- 2.drceu - crude
- 3.moranig - roaming.
- 4.tapusers - pastures
- 5.spusioicn - suspicion

X. ACTIVITY

Make a mask of any character of the story.

SUBJECT – English literature

TOPIC – Poem – The Boastful Ghost

Class assignment: -

I. Word bank

Boastful
Ghost
flapped
bravest
creatures
terrified
bustling
bright eyed
shrieked
tremble
squeak

II. Word meanings

1. boastful - bragging
2. flapped – shook its arms
3. ghou - spirit, ghost
4. terrified - frightened
5. bustling - lively
6. shrieked - screamed
7. yeah – yes

III. Antonyms

1. white X black
2. full X empty
3. real X artificial
4. living X non – living
5. great X small
6. bright X dull
7. down X up
8. round X flat
9. tiny X huge

IV. Answer the following Questions

1. ‘All living creatures great and small
Are terrified of me’

a. Who is ‘me’ in the above lines?

Ans: ‘Me’ refers to the ghost.

b. Why are the living creatures terrified of ‘me’?

Ans: The living creatures are terrified of the ghost because he is the bravest of all ghosts.

c. Write another word for ‘terrified’.

Ans: Frightened.

2. To tremble on a chair,
And, passing by, the tiny house
Was heard to squeak: 'oh yeah?'

a. Who is trembling in the above lines?
Ans: The ghost is trembling.

b. Why is he/she trembling?
Ans: He is trembling because he is scared of the mouse.

c. Write any other word for 'tiny' from the poem.
Ans: Small

3. What do you think the mouse meant when he said, 'oh yeah?'
Ans: The mouse meant that he did not believe the ghost when he said that he was the bravest ghost.

TAKE HOME ACTIVITY
Activity- Dress Up for a Halloween Party and send a picture.

FINAL TERM PT 2 REVISION SHEET

I. Answer the following questions:

1. What does the word 'mass' mean?

Ans. The word 'mass' means a large number of people.

2. Name any two means of mass communication.

Ans. Two means of mass communication are:

- a) Newspapers and Magazines
- b) Radio and Television

3. What is the internet?

Ans. A technique to connect millions of computers from all over the world together is called internet.

4. Name any two means of personal communication.

Ans. Two means of personal communication are:

- a) Letters
- b) Telephone

5. What is an e-mail?

Ans. E-mail or electronic mail is a form of written message sent through a computer which is connected to the Internet.

II. Fill in the blanks:

1. Radio was invented by Guglielmo Marconi.
2. Telephone and mobile phone are used for verbal communication.
3. We can buy inland letters and postcards from a post office.
4. Telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell.
5. Urgent letters are sent through Courier.
6. Landline phones are fixed at one place.
7. Fax is a short form of Fascimile Automatic Xerox.

III. State True or False:

1. E-mail was the first means of written communication. False
2. The word mass means a large number of people. True
3. Newspapers carry latest information and news. True
4. A radio provides only information. False
5. We can send short messages through an SMS using a mobile phone. True

**SOCIAL
STUDIES**

IV. Rearrange the letters and write the names of means of communication correctly:

1. TERLET – LETTER
2. PHELETONE – TELEPHONE
3. PANEWSPER – NEWSPAPER
4. NETERINT – INTERNET

PRACTICE OF THE MAPS

- 1.** (a) Identify and mark all the five oceans on the given map.
(b) On a given map of the world, identify and write the names of the seven continents.

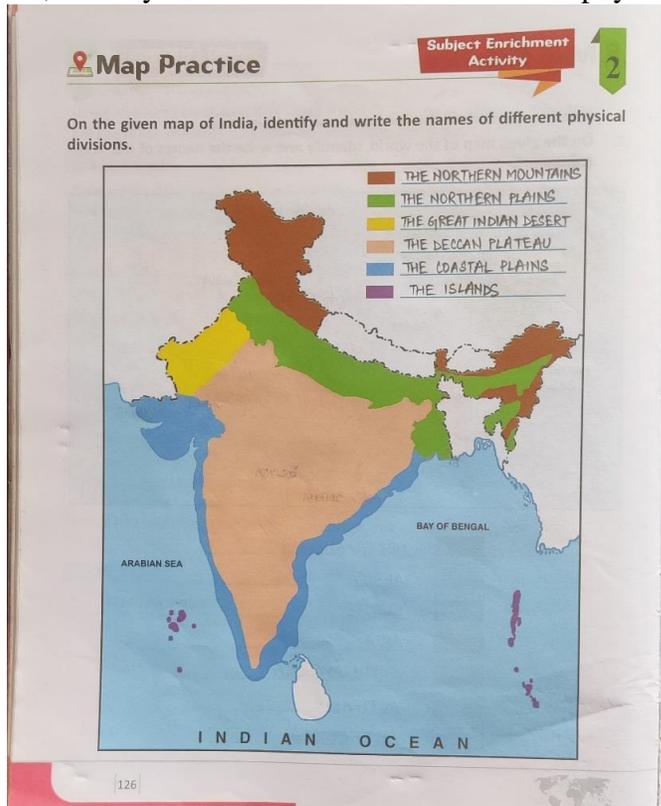
Map Practice Subject Enrichment Activity **1**

1. Identify and mark all the five oceans on the given map.
2. On the given map of the world, identify and write the names of the seven continents.

	NORTH AMERICA
	AFRICA
	EUROPE
	ASIA
	SOUTH AMERICA
	AUSTRALIA
	ANTARCTICA

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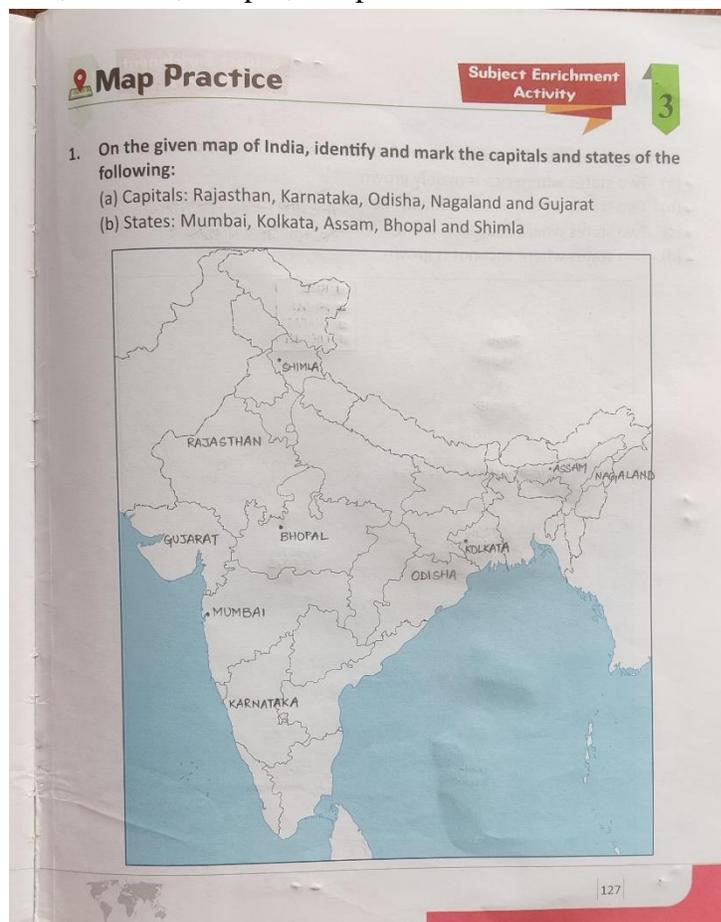
2. On the given map of India, identify and write the names of different physical divisions.



3. On the given map of India, identify and mark the capitals and states of the following:

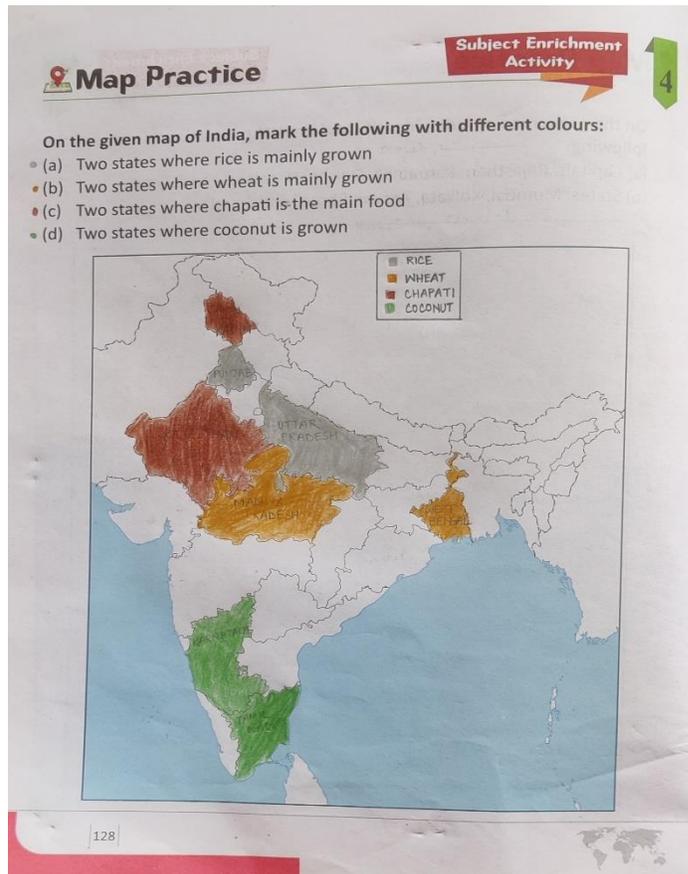
(a) Capitals: Rajasthan, Karnataka, Odisha, Nagaland and Gujarat.

(b) States: Mumbai, Kolkata, Dispur, Bhopal and Shimla.



4. On the given map of India, mark the following with different colours:

- (a) Two states where rice is mainly grown
- (b) Two states where wheat is mainly grown
- (c) Two states where chapati is the main food
- (d) Two states where coconut is grown



State Knowledge (Page 13)

Complete the table given below by writing the missing state, capital, language and festival for each state.

G.K

<u>STATE</u>	<u>CAPITAL</u>	<u>LANGUAGE</u>	<u>FESTIVAL</u>
Assam	Dispur	Assamese	Bihu
Himachal Pradesh	Shimla	Pahari	Gochi
Sikkim	Gangtok	Nepali, Bhutia	Losar
Andhra Pardesh	Hyderabad	Telugu	Ugadi
Rajasthan	Jaipur	Rajasthani	Gangaur
Punjab	Chandigarh	Punjabi	Baisakhi
Kerala	Tiruvananthapuram	Malayalam	Onam
Uttar Pardesh	Lucknow	Hindi	Ram Navmi
Gujrat	Gandhinagar	Gujarati	Navratri
Mizoram	Aizwal	Mizo	Chapchar Kut

Nicknames of Popular Cities (Page number 16)

1. Sangam city - Allahabad
2. Taj Nagari - Agra
3. City of Tea - Dibrugarh
4. City of Palaces - Jaipur
5. Orange City - Nagpur
6. Gateway of India - Mumbai
7. Spices Garden of India - Kerala
8. Sandalwood city - Mysore
9. Lake City- Udaipur
10. Diamond City - Surat
11. City of Nawab - Lucknow
12. Switzerland of India - Khajjiar
13. The Queen of the Hills - Mussoorie
14. City of Joy - Kolkata
15. City of pearls - Hyderabad

Sports Theory (Page number 55)

Use the correct options from the Clue Box to answer the following .

1. Name India's individual Olympic gold medalists so far. **Abhinav Bindra and Niraj Chopra.**
2. In which sport has Indian won the maximum number of Olympic gold medals ? **Field Hockey .**
3. Who was the Indian captain during the successful 1983 Cricket World Cup campaign? **Kapil Dev.**
4. Who became India's first chess grandmaster in 1988 ? **Viswanathnan Anand**
5. Who is the first ever Indian women's single player to get medal at the badminton World championship ? **P.V Sindhu.**

The Olympia (Page number 74 - 75)

Q1. In which country is Pyeongchang city located?

- a. India
- b. USA

c. South Korea ✓

Q2. How many countries participated in the Olympics 2018.

- a. 90

b. 92 ✓

- c. 99

Q3. What is the capacity of Pyeongchang Olympic Stadium?

a. 35,000 ✓

- b. 39,000

- c. 40,000

Q4. In which event did Indian player Mary Kom win a gold medal?

a. Boxing ✓

- b. Wrestling

- c. Gymnastic

Q5. Which of the following country was banned in winter olympics 2018?

- a. North Korea

b. Russia ✓

- c. Japan

Q6. What is the official mascot name of winter olympics 2018?

a. Soohorang ✓

- b. Miraitowa

- c. Bandabi

Q7. Who was the flag bearer for the 2018 Olympics India?

- a. Sushil Kumar

- b. Abhinav Bindra

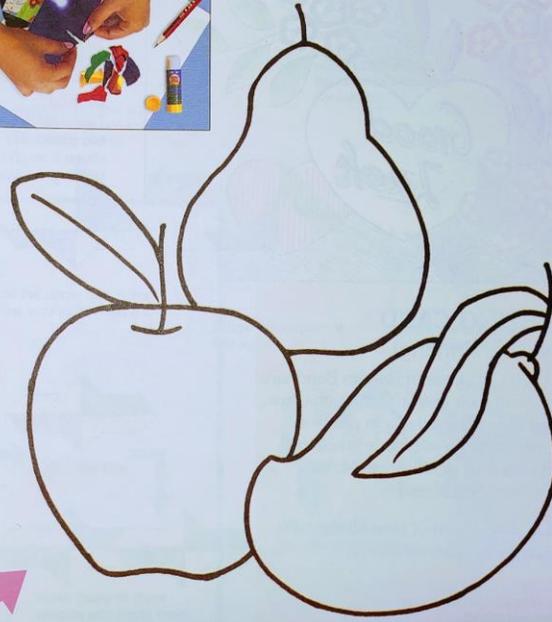
c. Shiva Keshavan ✓

	<p>Q8. What is the motto of Pyeongchang winter olympics 2018?</p> <p>a. Discover tomorrow b. A New World c. Passion.Connected✓</p> <p>Q9. The Olympic mascot Vinicius was named after Vinicius de Maraes. He is famous in the field of _____.</p> <p>a. Dance b. Music✓ c. Race</p> <p>Q10. Decathlon gold medal winner Ashton Eaton belongs to which country.</p> <p>a. America✓ b. Jamaica c. Tokyo</p> <p>Q11. Which team won the women's hockey gold medal?</p> <p>a. United States✓ b. Brazil c. Argentina</p> <p>Q12. Usain Bolt is called as the fastest man alive. He is associated with which country?</p> <p>a. Jamaica✓ b. Brazil c. Russia</p> <p>Q13. Which country topped in the medal tally including gold, silver and bronze?</p> <p>a. France b. Sweden c. Norway ✓</p> <p>Q14. 2020 olympics will be held in which city?</p> <p>a. Greece b.Tokyo✓ c. Belgium</p> <p>Q15. Where are the headquarters of the International Olympic Committee located.</p> <p>a. Lausanne, Switzerland✓ b. Paris, France c. Athens, Greece</p>
<p>DRAWING</p>	<p>PAPER COLLAGE Work to be done : Complete page 37 as per instruction given in your drawing book.</p>

PAPER COLLAGE

The process of this technique starts with the collection of coloured printed papers from old magazines and newspapers. These are then torn into smaller pieces according to the requirement of the picture and pasted on the outline of the picture according to the colour scheme.

What are you waiting for ?
Since you have already learnt the paper collage technique, complete the picture of the under given composition.



Dr. Rachana Nair
Director Academics